

KENTUCKY GAZETTE

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

VOL. XIX.—N° 1035.]

BY DANIEL BRADFORD, LEXINGTON.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 1806.

TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

THIS paper is published twice a week; at Three Dollars and a half per annum, paid in advance, or Four Dollars at the end of the year.

Those who write to the Editor, must pay the postage of their letters.

TAVERN, STORAGE & COMMISSION.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the publick, that he has lately opened a house of ENTERTAINMENT in Maysville, (Limestone) at the sign of the SQUARE & COMPASS. The house is commodious, the stable extensive, and both are furnished with every thing necessary for the accommodation of travellers and others, who may think proper to favor him with a call. He is provided with a large and convenient WAREHOUSE, for the reception of goods, equal, if not superior to any in the place. He will also make SALES upon COMMISSION, for those who may have any thing to transact in that way, which will be done, together with the charges for storage, upon the most reduced terms. He flatters himself, that from the experience he has had in mercantile transactions, attention to business, and a desire to be useful, o merit a part of the public patronage.

SAM'L. JANUARY.

NOTICE.

THE co-partnership of Mac-
coun and Tilford, is this day dissolved by
mutual consent, those indebted, are requested
to call and settle their accounts with James
Maccoun, and those having demands against
the firm, will present them to him for settle-
ment.

James Maccoun,
John Tilford Jun.

Lexington, January 31, 1806.

THE subscriber has just received from
Philadelphia, and now opening at the
store lately occupied by the above firm, on
Main street, opposite the market house, an ex-
tensive additional supply of

Merchandise & Stationery,
which will be sold at the most reduced prices
for Cash.

James Maccoun.

JAMES ROSE, Boot & Shoe Maker,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lexington, that he carries on the above business in all its various branches, at his old stand, Main Cross street, onedoor from Main street. He has on hand an elegant assortment of ladies' Kid & Morocco Slippers, spangled and gilt, equal to any imported, which he will sell at the lowest prices. Likewise a hand some assortment of children's Kid, Morocco, and Calf Skin Shoes. He has sent Philadelphia for an additional supply of leather of the first quality, and intends receiving a constant supply every spring and fall. Gentlemen's Cossacks and Back strap Boots made of the best imported Leather—A handsome assortment of fine black grain and calf skin Shoes, and Gentlemen's Morocco Pumps made in the newest fashion and neatest taste. Boot Legs and Shoes cut to pattern for sale. Merchants may be supplied with any of the above articles, nearly as cheap as in the atlantic states.

March 29th, 1806.

N. B. Ladies' Fancy Silk and Satin, made of their own pattern to measure. Orders punctually attended to and neatly executed.

STRAYED,

From my farm, a few days since,

A SORREL MARE,

about fourteen hands and a half high, no marks or brands recollect—It is supposed she will take the road to Mason county. Whoever takes her up, and informs me where she can be had, or delivers her to me, shall be rewarded by

Robt. Barr.

Fayette, March 31, 1806.



The Subscri-
ber, respectfully
informs the pub-
lick, that he has
taken possession of
his house, lately
occupied by Cap-

Phillip Bush, and known by the sign of

THE EAGLE.

Grateful for the very liberal encourage-
ment which he has experienced on for-
mer occasions, he is determined that no
exertion, expense, or attention shall be
wanting, to promote the accommodation
of those who may please to favour him
with their custom. His house is large
and his rooms are commodious—He has
a variety of liquors of the first quality,
and his table is plentifully supplied with
the best viands that the season affords.

To his beds particular attention shall
be paid. He has a spacious stable, abund-
antly furnished with corn, oats & hay,
and an attentive hostler to attend it.

Gentlemen may at any time be furnish-
ed with private rooms, free from the
noise of the tavern.

Danl. Weisiger.

April 9th, 1806.

Geo. M. Bibb,

WILL continue to exercise his
profession of counsel and attorney at law, in
those circuit courts in which he has heretofore
practiced, and in the court of appeals, and
court of the United States, for the Kentucky
district.

THE subscriber returns his
thanks to his friends for the encourage-
ment he has received in his line of business.
In Lexington my friends may find
Me working at my trade,
At raising stones to suit your mind,
And digging with my spade.

Good lime I have always on hand,
Supply'd you all can be,
However great is the demand,
My friends come unto me.

I will dig wells you all may know,
Good water I can find,
In spite of patent laws I'll show,
For nought I will be kind.

In all the branches of my trade
So punctual I will be,
It never shall by one be said,
John Shaw has cheated me,

I am,

John R. Shaw.

N. B. I shall refuse to work in flint rock, as
I have been three times blown up

March 3, 1806.

BARTLETT & SOUTNERS.

former, and 4 miles from Lexington
to Georgetown, about 8 miles from Lexington
counties, on the road from Lexington
to Georgetown, in Georgetown, and part in
Fayette county, about 2 miles from Georgetown
to Georgetown, a large quantity of
brickwork of the premises would be
delivered to the subscriber, as I suppose will be
done.

Umbrellas & Parasols,
finished in the neatest manner.—Merchants and
traders may be supplied with Umbrellas at
this Factory on more advantageous terms than
by importing them.

LEAVY & GATEWOOD,
Have just imported from Philadelphia and
Baltimore, and are now opening at their
store, in Lexington,

A Large, Elegant, and Well Chosen
Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,
Consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Iron Mongery,
Cutlery, Saddlery, China, Queens'
and Glass Ware, Stationery, Paints
and Medicine, warranted Bouting
Cloths, from No. 4 to 7; and in ad-
dition, they have a large quantity of
best quality of Iron, cut and wrought
Nails, & a quantity of Man's Lick
Salt.

All of which were purchased at the lowest
Cash prices, and will enable them to sell them,
either by whole sale or retail, very low for
CASH.

REMOVAL.

JAMES CONDON, TAILOR,
HAS removed his shop to a small red
house, on Main street, the second door above
Mr. Laudeman's; where he purpuses carrying
on his business as usual. Those gentlemen
who may please to favour him with their cus-
tom, may depend on having their work done
in the best manner.

N. B. He wishes to sell a LOT of
GROUND, lying on Mill street, adjoining Col-
Hart's—it is at present under good enclosure,
and a brick house on it, that will make an ex-
cellent stable. Lexington, March 3, 1806.

CLEAN FLAX SEED

For sale at the oil mill in Lexington—Also,
LINSEED OIL

may be had at said mill.

John Bobb.

Feb. 26th 1806.

RICHARD TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and
the publick, that he has opened a

House of Entertainment,

in that large and commodious brick house lately
occupied by Mr. John Instone, in Frankfort;
where he is supplied with the best of liquors
and provisions of every kind. His stable is
well furnished with forage, and an attentive ost-
ler. From the arrangements made to accom-
modate his visitors, and the attention that will
be paid them, he flatters himself he will share
the publick favour.

Frankfort, October 24, 1805.

REMOVAL.

E. W. CRAIG,

HAS removed his store to the
corner white house, opposite Mr. Lea-
ney's; where he has received and just opened, a
new and large assortment of choice

FRESH GOODS,

which he offers to his friends and the public at
the most liberal and reduced prices.

Six Dollars Reward.

RAN off, from Georgetown, on Sun-
day, the 16th March, a

BLOOD BAY FILLEY,

two years old this spring, branded on the
near shoulder W S, no white or other
mark; but has been docked. Whoever
will deliver the said Filley to the fuser-
ber, or give such information as to enable
him to get her, shall receive the above

reward.

William Story.

Georgetown, April 13

tf

THE EAGLE.

Grateful for the very liberal encourage-
ment which he has experienced on for-
mer occasions, he is determined that no

exertion, expense, or attention shall be
wanting, to promote the accommodation
of those who may please to favour him
with their custom. His house is large
and his rooms are commodious—He has

a variety of liquors of the first quality,
and his table is plentifully supplied with

the best viands that the season affords.

To his beds particular attention shall
be paid. He has a spacious stable, abund-
antly furnished with corn, oats & hay,
and an attentive hostler to attend it.

Gentlemen may at any time be furnish-
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noise of the tavern.

Danl. Weisiger.

April 9th, 1806.

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Danl. Weisiger.

April 9th, 1806.

tf

THE

The full blooded English race horse

T U P,

WILL stand this season at my stable, in Lexington, just at the back of Mr. Hunt's duck factory, where he will cover mares at Twenty-two Dollars the season, to be paid the 1st day of September next, or Eighteen Dollars with the mare—Twelve Dollars the single leap, to be paid at the time of covering—Ten Pounds to insure a mare with foal, and in case the owner sells or ditpofes of the mare, the owners of the horse are discharged from all responsibility as insurers.— Those who please, may discharge the 22 dollars by paying any of the following articles in August, at the following prices: brick at 4 dols. per 1000, beef on foot 15s. per cwt. candles, mould 1s. dipped 9d. per lb. gunpowder 2/3. per lb. hemp 4 dols. per cwt. hog's lard 6d. per lb. pork, pickled, 7 dols. per barrel, salt 12s. per bushel, tallow 6d. per lb. brown sugar 16 dols. per cwt. whiskey 2/6 per gall. in casks or merchantile; or any person or persons who put four or more mares, may discharge their account with a good horse, or horses at their valuation. The season will commence the 10th day of March, and end the 10th day of July. Good pasture, well enclosed, will be furnished gratis, to all mares sent from a distance and every kind of grain upon the most reasonable terms; all mares sent, shall be strictly attended to, but we are not liable for accidents or escapes.

TUP is a beautiful dark bay, full fifteen hands three inches high, remarkable for his strength, form and activity—he was brought from London by Will. Smalley, in the fall of 1801, in the American ship Gen. Lincoln. He has covered two seasons in Virginia. Certificates from men of the first rank and respectability there, now in our possession, prove him to be equal, as a foal getter, to any horse in Virginia, either imported or country bred.

E. WARFIELD.

PEDIGREE.

The bay horse called TUP, foaled in 1796, was gotten by Javelin out of Flavia. Javelin was got by Eclipse, his dam by Spectator, his grand dam by Blank, great grand dam by Second, great, great grand dam by Stanyan's Arabian, great, great, great grand dam by King William's Black Barb, out of Christopher Darey's Royal Mare. Flavia was gotten by the Ferrer's Arabian called Plunder, her dam, Miss Euston, by Snap, grand dam by Blank, great grand dam by Cartouch, out of the Sore Heels mare, great, great grand dam of Highflyer.—TUP, in 1798, won a sweep stakes of an hundred guineas each, at New-Market, (five subscribers) beating Mr. Heathcote's Vivalda, &c. A true copy from the stud book and racing calendar.

(Signed.)

JAMES WEATHERBY,
London, January 21, 1802.

Performance of TUP.

Wednesday, July 9, 1798, New-Market, England—a sweep-stake of 100 guineas each, half forfeit, two years old, five subscribers.

Mr. Turner's Colt, by Javelin, out of Flavia (TUP)

Mr. R. Heathcote's Vivalda, 2

Mr. W. Aston's Queen James, 3

TUP came off the turf when he was three years old, when under many important engagements with the best horses in the kingdom, owing to his being taken with an inflammation in the eye, which he lost, after every effort for eighteen months by Mr. Turner, to restore it, though it is acknowledged he beat Vivalda with ease, which horse is equal to any horse in the kingdom of his age.

Performance of the dam of TUP
(Flavia.)

1787, New-Market, 100 guineas each.

Lord Ferrer's Bay Filley Flavia, by his Arabian,

Mr. Burton's Black Colt Pigmy, by Damascus,

Lord Offord's Filly, by his Arabian,

Two to one on Flavia—Extract from the racing calendar for 1787.

W. FRAZER.

MY wife Anna, formerly Anna Franks, daughter of John M. Franks, living on the waters of Hickman, having left my bed and board, without any provocation, all persons are hereby cautioned against crediting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting. All persons are also forewarned from harbouring her, as I am determined to prosecute those who offend herein, with the utmost rigour of the law.

Charles Secret.

April 23, 1806.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from harbouring or entertaining my wife Anna Franks, as I am determined to prosecute such with the utmost rigour of the law.

SAMUEL REEDS, Jan.

Jessamine county, April 26, 1806. 131.

JOHN GRANT,

Painter, Glazier & Paper Hanger,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his shop to the house on Short street lately occupied by Mr. Loftus Noel Taylor, where he intends carrying on his business in all its various branches, extensively and with dispatch. Being now furnished with every necessary material, he will be enabled to complete any kind of work in the above line of business, in a neat and masterly style, and on the most reasonable terms.

He returns thanks to those who have favoured him with their commands, and hopes from his affiduity and attention to business, to merit a continuance of their avours.

Putty and Paints, by the small quantity always on hand.

One or two apprentices will be taken to the above business—boys from 14 to 6 years of age, will meet with liberal encouragement.

6

The Noted Running Horse,

DARE DEVIL,

(OR JOHNSON'S COLT.)

STANDS in Lexington, near the lower end of Mr. Dodge's rope walk and adjoining Mr. J. Maxwell's field, at the white stable on the late extension of Upper-Street; to be let to mares at ten dollars the season, which may be discharged by the payment of six within the season, twenty-five cents at the stable door.

DARE DEVIL is an elegant deep bay, black legs, mane and tail, full 15 1/2 hands high, was got by the old imported Don Carlos, his dam by old Harmlefs, his grand dam by col. Fitzhugh's noted True Whig. To say more of his pedigree I conceive unnecessary. His colts are large and very elegant, and those that have been tried, are found to be horses of great strength and activity, fine figure and gaiety and have, when grown up, commanded very high prices; Dare Devil is a horse of fine figure, and great gaiety & sprightliness, and certainly possesses the grand requisites either for the turf, saddle or harness; excellent eyes, fine limbs, strong bone, muscular strength and action equal perhaps to any horse in the United States, as will appear from the following sketch of his performance.

In the fall '97, he won the Jockey Club colt's purse at Lexington; in the fall '98, he distanced the noted running horse Weazle, four miles the heats, at Maj. Blackburn's course; the same fall he won a purse at Frankfort, beating several fleet horses; was brought to Lexington the next day by 12 o'clock, notwithstanding the roads were very deep and heavy, was started immediately (without being cleaned) flew the course, leaped a high fence that was put up at a short turn in the course with the intent to keep the horses from flying off the course, was leaped back, saved his distance that beat, and took the purse, two miles the heats, beating col. Bibb's noted running stud horse Black Shark, and col. Risby's Roan. In August '99, he won a quarter race for 100l. at Miller's-Town, carrying 200bs. to a catch, beating col. Buckner's mare, a noted quarter nag; the same year, in September, he received a forfeit of 500 dollars, on a match with the noted running stud horse Alfred, two miles the heats; the same fall he won a purse at Danville, two miles the heats; the next week he won a purse at Bairdftown, three miles the heats, beating Black Shark, and distanced the noted horse Gold Wire, one week after walked over the course at Louisville for the first day's purse. There are a great number of other races formerly run by Dare Devil, which he was successful in, but do not state them lest I might be inaccurate; one however I am informed of by Mr. Gatewood—a purse race, the heats, at George Town, where he more than double distanced the famous running horse Diomedes, which had been kept by Mr. Gatewood. I believe I may say with propriety, that he has run and won more races than any horse that ever run in this state.

The foregoing statement of his pedigree and performance, is impartial and precise, as near as I could ascertain from good authority.

N. BURROWES.

Lexington, March 8.

N. B. Good pasture for mares at a moderate price, and every attention paid to them, but will not be liable for accidents or escapes.

P. S. Such mares as did not stand to the horse last season, and have not been transferred, may have a leap gratis.

(BY AUTHORITY.)

L A W S
OF THE UNITED STATES.

AN ACT

Making a further appropriation for the support of a library.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in addition to the unexpended balance of the former appropriation made to purchase books for the use of Congress, which is hereby revived and continued, there shall be appropriated the sum of one thousand dollars yearly, for the term of five years, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and expended under the direction of a joint committee, to consist of three members of the Senate and three members of the house of representatives, to be appointed every session of Congress, during the continuance of this appropriation.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

GEO. CLINTON,
Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

February 21, 1806.

APPROVED

TH: JEFFERSON.

AN ACT
To repeal in part the fourth section of an act, entitled "an act to authorise a grant of lands to the French inhabitants of Galliopolis; and for other purposes there mentioned."

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the fourth section of an act, entitled "an act to authorise a grant of lands to the French inhabitants of Galliopolis; and for other purposes therein mentioned," as imposes the condition of an actual settlement on the said inhabitants, or any of them, their heirs or assigns, be, and the same is hereby repealed. And in every case where a patent has issued, in conformity with the said fourth section, to any of the inhabitants aforesaid, their heirs or assigns, the conditions aforesaid, inserted in any such patent, shall be considered null and void; and the fee simple be vested to all intents and purposes, in the person to whom such patent has been issued, his or her heirs or assigns.

NATLL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

GEO. CLINTON,
Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

February 21, 1806.

APPROVED

TH: JEFFERSON.

AN ACT
For the relief of the governor, secretary and judges of the late territory of the United States, north west of the river Ohio.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they hereby are authorised and directed to settle, at the rate of compensation heretofore established, the accounts of the governor, secretary and judges of the late territory of the United States, north west of the river Ohio, for their services while acting in those capacities, respectively, at any time between the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and two, and the first Tuesday of March, one thousand eight hundred and three.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

GEO. CLINTON,
Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

February 21, 1806.

APPROVED

TH: JEFFERSON.

VIENNA, January 16.
The emperor arrived here this morning at 11 o'clock; he first repaired to the Cathedral, where a Te Deum was sung, and afterwards proceeded through the different streets to his palace; he was only attended by the Citizen guard on horseback; the citizens on foot under arms formed a line; no regular troops appeared. The cavalcade consisted of eight carriages, in the last of which were the emperor and empress. Great emotions were visible on the countenances of their majesties. The order which prevailed, the crowds of inhabitants in the streets, the loyal sentiments which

were generally manifested, furnished a proof of the virtues of the inhabitants of Vienna and of their attachment to their sovereign. Before the arrival of the emperor, the following proclamation had been stuck up:

"Francis II, by the grace of God, elect of the Romans, always angelic, hereditary emperor of Austria, king of Germany, Hungary, Bohemia, &c.

"when I was at a distance from you, I had good grounds to believe that our separation would be of short duration, for I had taken the resolution to return to Vienna immediately after the fittings of the Hungarian Diet had broken up;

my intention was to remain with you as long as my presence in the capital could agree with my obligation to watch over the interests of my whole empire. The force of circumstances alone prevented my executing this resolution. I conceived it was my duty towards you, as towards the generality of my faithful subjects, to remain in the neighborhood of the combined army. I made choice of a representative who possessed your confidence, and who, in every respect, deserved it. I have had my thoughts taken up with you, and I have watched over your interests as much as unfortunate circumstances have permitted.

" Providence not having been pleased to lay the foundation of a lasting security by means of a military success, I have redoubled my efforts to restore repose and tranquillity to my conquered states by negotiations for peace. The success of my efforts has appeared tardy to my breast; but an affair which embraced

the present and the future, and the decision which required a mutual consent could not be brought to a speedier determination.

"This unfortunate time is now past, I return in the midst of you with those feelings which your constancy, your unshaken attachment, your vigilance in preserving order and repose, your eagerness in short to temper by beneficence the misfortunes of humanity, have inspired me with. There is no duty but what you have fulfilled, no virtue but what you have practised. You have acquired the esteem of your fellow countrymen, and that of foreigners; you have, in short, the justest claim to my gratitude. When still distant from you and bearing the most painful proofs, I found motives of tranquillity in this solitary sentiment.

"But if I abandon myself justly to that joy which my return in the midst of the good inhabitants of Vienna causes in my breast, if you come gladly to meet your sovereign, and forget in seeing him once more, the calamities which have overwhelmed you, do not imagine on this account that your present situation is unknown to me, and that I have not attentively considered it.

"Yes, generous people! you have experienced misfortunes which have shaken to their very foundations, the prosperity which your efforts and activity had acquired you. I do not conceal from myself the state of things; I have even sought to become thoroughly acquainted with it, because this knowledge is indispensably necessary in order to establish the relation which must exist between the resources and wants. Every thing has already been done which it was possible to do under these unfortunate circumstances, to prevent the extraordinary confusions which took place from producing either famine or an unpropitious dearth.

"In order to attain this end, I shall for the future employ every means which Providence has placed in my hands.

"Be always as faithful to your prince as you have been in the most critical times; contribute, by your loyalty to the general good, to which all my efforts are directed; redouble your industry; conduct yourselves always with the same nobleness, shut your ears to unjust censures; rely upon the Almighty, and join your prayers to mine. Our wounds, however deep, will shortly be closed.

FRANCIS.
Felsberg, 15th January, 1806.

HAMBURG, Feb. 11.

Some of the German papers contain an account, that the French army had actually entered the kingdom of Naples, and dispersed the combined forces in an engagement, in which the Prince Royal of Naples is said to have lost his life.—These rumours, however, require official confirmation.

According to private letters from Paris, the Neapolitan Ambassador Marquis de Gallo, had been ordered to leave that city in 24 hours. Cardinal Russo was expected there from Naples, but orders are said to have been sent by Napoleon to the frontiers, not to permit him to enter the French territory. Their Sicilian, majesty's have returned to Palermo, and the king of Sardinia has returned to his island.

Since Bonaparte's return to Paris, the French bank has resumed its payments. Ninety-six large casks, full of gold and silver, escorted by a large body of troops, proceeded Napoleon's entrance, and have been deposited in the palace of the Thürillies.

General Lauriston has taken possession of Venice in the name of Na-

polian. The French boast much of having become such near neighbours of the Turks.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 8.

Since the conclusion of war, this city has experienced its disagreeable consequences in the highest degree. Besides the troops we have had to quarter, a contribution of four million of francs have been imposed on us. On the 4th the following letter was addressed by marshal Augereau to our magistrates:

GENTLEMEN,

I am ordered by my sovereign the emperor of the French, and king of Italy, to demand a contribution of four millions from the town of Frankfort, as I have no doubt but that you will testify your readiness to comply with the desire of his majesty, I request that you will as speedily as possible place the said sum in the hands of the Treasurer General of the grand army. M. Garan inspector of reviews, who will present this letter to you, is instructed to be the interpreter of my sentiments to the Senate, in order that he may confer farther with them on the subject of his mission.

I have the honor,
With high consideration, to be,
Yours &c.

AUGEREAU.

Darmstadt, Feb. 4, 1806.

Immediately upon the receipt of this letter the magistrates assembled to consider upon its contents, and resolved to send three of their number to Paris, to beseech the Emperor of the French to relieve the city from this heavy contribution.

The Senate afterwards addressed a proclamation to the Burghers, to inform them, that if the half of the contribution was not speedily raised, a new garrison of ten thousand men would be sent into the town. On the contrary, if the sum was raised, it was not only hoped the other half of the contribution would not be required, but that the number of troops in town would speedily be reduced. The senate has employed every means to raise the sum required.

"A gall has been made upon all the inhabitants without distinction for two per cent, on the funds, merchandise, furniture and property of every kind. This tax was to be paid within eight days at the least. Since this happened all public amusements have ceased. The theatres are shut up, and no more concerts have been held.

CONGRESS.

Senate of the United States, March 17, 1806.

Report of the committee to whom was referred the message of the president of the United States, on the application of Hamet Caramelli.

Committee—Messrs. Bradley, Wright, Baldwin, Smith, of Maryland, and Tracy.

Mr. Bradley, from the committee to whom

don the offer, with assurance that further, that Mr. Lear, to whom the U. S. would effectually co-operate, and place him on the throne of Tripoli.

The same engagements were renewed in 1803, and the plan of co-operation so arranged, that the ex-bashaw by his own exertions and commodore, to have paralized every force, took possession of the province of Derne; but the American squadron, at that time under the command of commodore Morris, instead fleet or squadron before Tripoli, of improving that favourable moment, to co-operate with the ex-bashaw, and to put an end to the war, the opinion of all the officers of the unfortunately abandoned the coast, fleet, so far as the committee have and left the ex-bashaw to contend without consulting even the safety of the ex-bashaw or his army, against bashaw, and to put an end to the war, the opinion of all the officers of the unfortunately abandoned the coast, fleet, so far as the committee have been able to obtain the same, and of solely with all the force of the reigning bashaw, and who in consequence was obliged, in the fore part of the year 1804, to give up his conquest of Derne, and fly from the fury of the usurper into Egypt. These transactions were from time to time, not only communicated by our agents to the government, but were laid before congress in February 1804, in the documents accompanying the report of the committee of claims on the petition of Mr. Eaton, late consul at Tunis, which committee expressed their decided approbation of his official conduct, and to which report the committee beg leave to refer.

In full possession of the knowledge of these facts, the government of the United States, in June 1804, dispatched commodore Barron, with a squadron into the Mediterranean, and in his instructions, submitted to his entire discretion, the subject of availing himself of the co-operation of the ex-bashaw, and referring him to Mr. Eaton, as an agent sent out by government for that purpose.

After commodore Barron had arrived on the station in September 1804, he dispatched Mr. Eaton & capt. Hull into Egypt, to find the ex-bashaw, with instructions to assure him that the commodore would take the most effectual measures with the forces under his command, to co-operate with him against the usurper, his brother, and to establish him in the regency of Tripoli. After encountering many difficulties & dangers, the ex-bashaw was found in Upper Egypt, with the Mamelukes, and commanding the Arabs; the same assurances were again made to him, and a convention was reduced to writing, the stipulations of which had the same objects in view; the U. S. to obtain a permanent peace and their prisoners, the ex-bashaw to obtain his throne. Under these impressions, and with the fullest confidence in the assurances he had received from the agents of the U. States, and even from commodore Barron himself, by one of his (the bashaw's) secretaries, whom he had sent to wait on the commodore for that purpose, he gave up his prospects in Egypt, abandoned his property in that country, constituted Mr. Eaton general and commander in chief of his forces, and with such an army as he was able to raise and support, marched through the Libyan desert, suffering every hardship incident to such a perilous undertaking; and with his army commanded by general Eaton, aided by O'Bannon and Mann, three American officers, who shared with him the dangers and hardships of the campaign, and whose names their country will forever record with honour, attacked the city of Derne in the regency of Tripoli, on the 27th day of April 1805, and after a well fought battle took the same; and for the first time, planted the American colors on the ramparts of a Tripolitan fort. And in several battles afterwards, one of which he fought without the aid of the Americans, (they having been restrained by orders, not warranted by any policy, issued as appears by Mr. Lear, the American consul,) defeated the army of the usurper, with great slaughter, maintained his conquest, and without the hazard of a repulse, would have marched to the throne of Tripoli, had he been supported by the co-operation of the American squadron, which in honour and good faith he had a right to expect. The committee would here explicitly declare, that in their opinion, no blame ought to attach to commodore Barron, a wasting sickness, and consequent mental and bodily debility, had rendered him totally unable to exercise the duties of commanding the squadron, previous to this momentous crisis, and from which he has never recovered; and to this cause alone may be attributed the final failure of the plan of co-operation which appears to have been wisely concerted by the government, and hitherto bravely executed by its officers.

But however unpleasant the task, the committee are compelled by the negotiations that we did not ask, but grant obligations of truth & justice to state peace.

" You will pardon me if I here introduce a circumstance evincive of the spirit of our countrymen. At breakfast this morning, commodore Rodgers observed that if the bashaw would consent to deliver up our countrymen without making peace, he would engage to give him two hundred thousand instead of sixty thousand dollars, and raise the difference between the two sums from the officers of the navy, who he was perfectly assured would contribute to it with the highest satisfaction."

Extract of a letter from commodore Rodgers.

" I never thought the prisoners were in danger."

Extract of a letter from Lieut. Wormeley, then a prisoner in Tripoli.

" I do not believe that there was any danger to be apprehended for our lives, even if gen. Eaton and Hamet Bashaw had have marched under the walls of Tripoli."

Just Published and for sale at this Office,

A DECLARATION

OR CONFESSION OF FAITH;

As revised or compiled from the Philadelphia Baptist Confession of Faith, By Ambrose Dudley, John Price, Joseph Redding, Carter Turrent, Robert Johnson, John Payne and Bartlett Collins, who were appointed a committee for that business by the Elkhorn Association—

And as the business of its adoption, is expected to come on in the next August association, the members of that body may do well to make themselves acquainted with it. The price is very low, only 12 1/2 cents for a single one, or one dollar per dozen. It is probable some of them will be sent to several towns neighbouring.

REWARD,

RAN away from the subscriber, on the night of the 27th instant,

Two Negro Men, viz. Humphrey, about 32 years old, father of a small stature, a little

of the yellow complexion, handsome features, of an agreeable countenance, fond of conversation and speaks well for a negro, is a little knock-kneed, has a bulky head, which he commonly keeps well combed. The said Humphrey has been raised a waiting-man, and is very expert and genteel as such; is a good shoemaker and cooper; and took with him when he went away, sundry shoemaker's and cooper's tools; also two pistols and a shot gun, with a shot pouch of tanned leather, the strap of buck skin; and a variety of cloathing, such as a jockey or waiting-man's cap, half-boots, blue cloth coat, buck skin overalls; blue cloth overalls, white dimity overalls, a waistcoat checked with red stripes, a checked cotton coat, a gray coating furtout coat, and wears a silver watch, with a variety of other cloathing; and is fond of gambling.

The other by name JOHN, of a low stature, his color a common black, about 18 years old, his fore teeth rather long and white, of an agreeable countenance and when spoken to is apt to look down or sideways, the end of his little finger on one of his hands is off by a felon, and a middle finger a little crooked; he took with him when he went away, a shot gun and a variety of cloathing, such as a blue striped overalls, waistcoat, blue short cloth coat, &c. &c. &c. is fond of gambling, and had also half boots, and when spoken to hastily is apt to stammer. I will give ten dollars reward for the delivery of each or either, if taken within the county, twenty dollars for the delivery of each or either if out of the county, or fifty dollars for the delivery of each or either if taken without the state, or half the reward aforesaid, if secured in any jail, so that I get them again, and all reasonable charges paid.

Atto, one other slave named LITTLETON, the property of Mathew Anderson, of common size, some scars in his face, a shoemaker, with sundry good cloathing, &c. &c. same reward.

D. Bullock.
Kentucky, Clarke county, 28th April, 1806.

Printed by J. CHARLES, and for sale at this Office, and by all the Merchants, price 50 cents,

3 GEOGRAPHY FOR CHILDREN;

Or a short and easy method of

TEACHING & LEARNING GEOGRAPHY:

Designed principally for the use of schools.

Whereby even children may, in a short time, know the use of the Terrestrial Globe and Geographical maps, and all the considerable countries in the world; their situation, boundaries, extent, divisions, islands, rivers, lakes, chief cities, government and religion.

Divided into Lessons in the form of QUESTION AND ANSWER,

With a list of maps necessary for Children.

By Abbot Lenglet du Fresnoy, And greatly augmented and improved by A Teacher of Kentucky.

A method of Learning geography without a master, for the use of such grown persons as have neglected this useful study in their youth. A table of the Latitude and Longitude of the remarkable places mentioned in this work.

The Kentucky Miscellany,
For sale at this office.

PARIS, Dec. 30.

Tribune—Extraordinary sitting of

December 31.

M. Garrison has presented the following project:

" The French people consecrate, in a national temple the instruments and the trophies of the day of Austerlitz, and of the campaign terminated by that victory."

" When a general peace shall take place the sword worn by Napoleon I. in that battle, shall be deposited with religious, civil, and military pomp in this temple, to be henceforward taken from thence with the same pomp by the Emperor of the French, every time he places himself at the head of his troops, and to be replaced with the same ceremonies after victory and peace."

" In this temple shall be inferior in bas relief and in bronze, the bulletins of the Grand army, the names of all the general and superior officers who commanded in it; of those brave men who perished during the campaign; of all those who were wounded; of all those who received marks of honor; and the names of the members of the great bodies of the state at the epoch when this vote shall be adopted. These tables shall be spread over the whole surface of the empire, and placed in the principle church of the chief place of each department."

" In every year the 28th of August the anniversary of the birth of Napoleon the Great, the favour of France and of Europe, shall be throughout the Empire a day of grand, religious, civil and military solemnity."

" At this solemnity, in every department, there shall be read publicly the names of all the conscripts who shall be under the colours, the recital of these heroic actions, and the testimony to their relations of the satisfaction of their country. There shall be also read the names of those who shall not have regulated their colours, they shall be declared dead to honor, and the affliction of their country shall be testified to their relations."

" Every three years this solemnity shall assume the name of the Grand European Fate. Solemn games shall be celebrated in honor of Napoleon I. the Savior of Europe, at which grand prizes shall be distributed in all the arts to all descriptions of talent in all the sciences, and to every virtue which honors civilized Europe. The emperor of France shall preside over this fate, from whose hand the men shall receive their prizes—the women from the hand of the Empress. All the foreign ambassadors shall be invited to this ceremony—all the people of the continent of Europe shall be admitted at this assemblage."

IN THE PRESS,
And will shortly be published, for sale at this office,

THE KENTUCKY
ENGLISH GRAMMAR,
OR NEW
GRAMMATICAL INSTITUTE,

By Samuel Wilson, Teacher of Languages and Belles-Lettres.

This will be the third edition of this valuable work, with considerable improvements.

BLUE DYING TO PERFECTION:
I WILL colour cotton, linen or woolen, with hot dye, and will warrant it to keep its colour—and because of the scarcity of cash, I have made my arrangements so as to enable me to take for pay, the following articles; corn, flour, meal, bacon, hemp, flax, country linen, and a variety of other articles. This is hoped no one will ask credit, as I shall keep no book, it will be necessary payment should be made when the truck is taken away.

HUGH CRAWFORD,
Main street, corner of Main & street.

THE SUBSCRIBER,
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Lexington, and the public in general, that he has commenced the

COACH PAINTING VARNISHING, JAPANNING & GILDING—also

SIGN PAINTING,
on Main street, nearly opposite Mr. Wilson's Inn; those who please to favor him with their custom, may depend on having their work done with neatness and dispatch. I expect to receive from Philadelphia about the first of May next, a general assortment of paints and varnishes of the first quality. I shall keep a general assortment of paints ground and prepared ready for use; any person may be supplied by the large or small quantity, by the publick's humble servant.

HENRY D. EUBERT,
Lexington, 25th March 1806.

N. B. I will Paint and Varnish old carriages.

H. D. E.



"TO SOAR ALOFT ON FANCY'S WING."

ON THE DEATH OF LORD NELSON

By The Hon. G. J. Fox.

IN Death's terrific icy arms
The brave illustrious Nelson lies:
He's free from care and war's alarms,
Sees not our tears, nor bears our sighs.

Cold is the heart where valor reign'd,
Mute is the tongue that Joy inspir'd
Still is the arm that conquest gain'd,
And dim the eye that glory fir'd.

Too mean for him a world like this!
He's landed on the happy shore,
Where all the world partake of bliss,
And heroes meet to part no more.

"TRIBUTES LIGHT AS AIR."

Property of Drunkards,

Our laws very wisely and justly provide for the safe keeping of the property of ideots and lunatics, that they may not waste their substance, impoverish their families, and become chargeable upon the public. But drunkards, those worst of ideots, and wildest of lunatics, may squander their property, bring their families to beggary, and themselves to the town—without any effort on the part of the public to prevent it. I am told that in some parts of New-England, they have laws authorizing commissioners to be appointed, (upon certain proof being made that any man is habitually drunken, and dissipates his property, in such a way that he and his family are likely to be brought to want,) to take charge of his property, to improve it to the best possible manner, and to maintain him and his family out of the proceeds. Such a law, though some objections may be raised against it, would, I think, be of great service to society. At least the subject may be worthy the consideration of the people and of their Representatives.

[Trenton True American]

New-York Grand Literature

13 Lottery, No. 4,

Authorised by an act of the Legislature, and payment of prizes guaranteed by them, positively begins drawing in May next.

25,000, Dollars highest
10,000, Prizes.
5,000,

Tickets, Halves, Quarters and Eighths, for sale at

G. & R. WAITES'

Truly Fortunate Lottery offices,
No. 64, & No. 38, Maiden Lane,
New-York.

Where was sold in the two last lotteries, the HIGHEST PRIZE in each, and other capitals, to an enormous amount—amongst them were the following:

No. 17199 (highest prize) \$25000
3929 (highest prize) \$20000
15298 \$8000
13904 \$8000
25396 \$8000
28573 \$8000
3978 \$1000
20355 \$1000
22315 \$1000

Besides a great number of 500, 200, 100 dollar prizes &c.

Distant adventurers, by forwarding bank notes of any description to G. & R. Waite, in letters post paid, may have tickets and send them to any amount, with the strict punctuality, and perfect safety, to any part of the United States, and the earliest advice will be given of their success. Price of ticket Seven Dollars. 2m

ADVERTISEMENT.

The subscriber offers to the public, a New Invention for Pressing;

Calculated to supersede the use of the scree almost, if not altogether. For a cheeble pres, it stands unrivalled, as might be certified by a host of witnesses if necessary; for an oil pres, I submit the following certificate from a gentleman of unquestionable veracity.

Certificate.

I, Wm. Crawford, of South-east Dutchess county, state of N. York, do certify, that I have used B. & T. s patent Wheel Pres, for pressing oil, and find it preferable to any that I have ever seen; as it produces more oil with less expense, and I do recommend it to the public as a very useful invention... Witness my hand, Wm. Crawford.

The machine which I offer to the public (though it comes with a bad grace from me) really merits attention; as in cheeble making it reduces the labor from a degree to which female strength is ill adapted, to almost nothing; and in places which are yet in their infancy, this machine will be peculiarly useful, as those kind of presses, viz. the cider, clother's and oil, are yet to be erected, and may be done at much less expense than the ordinary mode.

Licenses for constructing and using the above invention, will be afforded at a reasonable rate, by the subscriber.

Hezekiah Betts.

NORWALK, Fairfield county, Conn.

The full blooded imported English

running horse

5 ARRA KOOKER.

THAT has acquired so much celebrity in the Eastern States, has just arrived at this place from Philadelphia, to which place he was imported in the year seventeen hundred and ninety-eight, and where he has distinguished himself as a sure and good foal getter, will stand the ensuing season commencing at this time, and ending the first day of August next, at the same stable in this place that Royalist has occupied for the two last seasons, under the particular care and direction of Mr. George Sourbray jun. and will be let to mares at the moderate price of thirty dollars the season, payable the first day of January next, which may be discharged by the payment of twenty on the first day of September next—Forty dollars to insure a mare with foal, the money to be returned provided the mare remains the property of the person who owned her when put to the horse, if she does not prove to have been with foal, and any gentleman putting by the season and complying with the terms, whose mare does not prove to have been with foal, shall have the liberty of putting to the horse gratis next season, if she remains the property of the person who put her—Twelve dollars the leap to be paid in hand, and one dollar to the groom in every instance. Attested notes for forty dollars insurance, and thirty for the season will be expected with the mares—good and extensive pastures, well watered and under good fence are provided, and will be furnished gratis to all mares sent from a distance, and the greatest care and attention will be paid by Mr. Sourbray, but cannot be accountable for accidents or es- capes.

JOHN W. HUNT.

Lexington April 1st, 1806

ARRA KOOKER, is a beautiful bay, with black legs, mane, and tail; full sixteen hands high, and for figure, strength, elegance, movement and bone, is surpassed by no horse on the continent—As to his colts must refer you to Maj. James Heard of Winchester, Virginia, who is at present in this place, and to Mr. Robert Barr, who lives near this place, and whose certificates are annexed to this advertisement.

I DO hereby certify, that I have bred a colt by ARRA KOOKER, and think it extremely large and elegant, with remarkable fine limbs—The appearance of it has induced me to enter it in a sweep stake of 500 dollars—Likewise have seen a considerable number, which are promising—He is supposed to be a sure foal getter. Given under my hand this 10th day of April, 1806.

James Heard.

Teste,

Danl. Bradford.

I do certify that whilst I was in New-Town, in the Fall and Winter of 1803, I saw several of ARRA KOOKER's colts, they were rising 2 and three years old, they promised to be very fine, and during my stay in that part of the country, I visited Penny-Town, in New-Jersey, where ARRA KOOKER had stood, and general report spoke highly of him as a sure and good foal getter.

Robert Barr.

Lexington March 26th, 1806.

ARRA KOOKER was imported from England by Dr. Tate, 1798. Is a beautiful bay, with black legs, mane and tail; full sixteen hands high; a lofty elegant figure, with a great proportion of bone & strength and moves well; he is from the pure turf blood, he is from the best line of horses in England.

ARRA KOOKER was got by the celebrated running horse Drone (who won 25 Kings plates, Jockey club plates, and matches, to the amount of 5000 guineas) his grand sire was Herod, out of Lilly; his great grand sire was Blank, the sire of Eclipse—his dam was Mr. Dodsworth's Chadsorth mare, by Chadsorth, a son of Blank's, (dam of Abba Thule) his grand dam by Engineer, his great grand dam by Wilson's Arabian, his great great grand dam by Hutton's Spot, his great great great grand dam by Mogul, great great great great grand dam by Crab, Bay Bolton, Curwin's Barb, Spot White leg'd Lather Barb, &c. &c.

ARRA KOOKER when three years old won a sweep stake of 100 guineas, two miles, five horses started at New-Castle on Tine and 50 guineas Northallerton; at four years old he walked over the course for 100 guineas at New-Castle on Tine—no four year old would enter against him the four mile heats, (you may in the racing calendar see) in consequence of an injury in his leg, received in running, he was taken out of training; but of which he is now perfectly recovered and free from blemish.

I certify that the bright bay horse Arra Kooker, this day sold by me to Dr. James Tate, of Philadelphia, North America; was bred by Mathew Dodsworth, Esq. of C.ake Hall Yorkshire; that he was got by the running horse Drone out of Abba Thule's dam, for whose pedigree reference may be had to the Stud Book, &c. &c. Given under my hand and seal, at the city of York, this 25th day of August, 1797.

A true copy from the original.

Convers Norton.

THE bay horse, Arra Kooker, by Drone out of my Chadsorth gray mare, (the dam of Abba Thule) was bred by me, is no more than eight years old last grass. Witness my hand this 26th day of August, 1797.

A true copy from the original.

MATHEW DODSWORTH.

STATE OF KENTUCKY: Fayette Circuit Court, March term, 1806.

Albertus Bright, Samuel M. Gehee, and John M. Ghee, complainants,

Against

Thomas English, defendant,

IN CHANCERY.

ON the motion of the complainants, by their counsel, who exhibited their bill against the defendant, and having proved to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of our next June term, and answer the complainants' bill, or that the same will be taken for confessed, and that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper agreeable to law.

A copy, Teste,

Tbos. Bodley, C.F.C.C.

TAKE NOTICE, 31 HEREBY forewarn all and every person from fishing or fowling on my land on the Town Fork, without my consent, after this date, as I am determined to put the law in force against all who shall so offend.

Samuel M. Bride.

April 21 1806.

44 FOR SALE,

THE place whereon I now live, on 450 acres, lying on David's Fork of Elkhorn, with good improvements; about 140 acres of open land, the dwelling house is of Brick, two stories 22 feet wide and 46 feet long, two GRIST MILLS in good repair, and grind very fast, one pair of stones are French burr, the springs and stock of water was never known to fail. I will sell the whole together, and give an extensive credit on one fourth being paid down, or I will sell 100 acres with the mills and distillery on it, and give a considerable credit on one third being paid down. It is generally counted a very handsome place—it is needless to mention further particulars, as any person wishing to buy, can view the premises.

1tpf John Rogers.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of Doctors Saml. Brown and Elisha Warfield, are requested to call on Dr. Warfield, who is authorised to settle all debts due the firm, and close their accounts by paying them or giving their notes for the sums due, and those who have demands against the firm are desired to bring them forward to Dr. Warfield for payment. Every person who knows that Dr. Brown has left this state, for Orleans, will see the necessity of this request, and will no doubt avail themselves of the first opportunity to call on Dr. Warfield, who lives in the house that was formerly occupied by Dr. F. Ridgely, and close their accounts in one of the two ways specified above.

45 DR. ELISHA WARFIELD

Will continue to practice Medicine and Surgery in Lexington and vicinity.

March 1, 1806.—tf

NOTICE.

DR. SAM'L. BROWN, desires that all persons indebted to him, will call on Doctor Elisha Warfield, who is authorised to settle all his accounts and notes due him, before the existence of his partnership with Doctor Warfield—The books are in his possession and all papers necessary to enable him to liquidate all accounts.

STATE OF KENTUCKY.

Fayette Circuit Court, March term, 1806

William M'Brude, complainant,

Against

William Lytle, and Robert Bradley defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

George Manfell, complainant,

Against

The same, defendants,

IN CHANCERY.

ON the motion of the complainants, by their counsel, who exhibited their bills against the defendants, and having proved to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant William Lytle, is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of our next June term, and answer the complainants' bills, or that the same will be taken for confessed, and that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper agreeable to law.

A copy, Teste,

Tbos. Bodley, C.F.C.C.

46 FOR SALE,

3916 Acres of Military Lands,

lying on the south of Green river, and in the state of Kentucky.

916 acres on the waters of the Cumberland river, surveyed for John Overton, and adjoining Mof's, Foster's & Rose's surveys.

500 acres on Green river, surveyed for Elias Langham, and adjoining Hender- son's grant.

1000 acres on Glover's creek, a branch of the north fork of Skeggs' creek, surveyed for Peter Carr, and adjoining R. Taylor's and G. R. Clarke's surveys.

1000 acres on Sulphur Lick fork of Little Barren river, surveyed for Peter Carr, and adjoining B. Swearingen's survey, and

500 acres on the waters of Big Barren river.

Information may be obtained from Edw. Rogers, relative to the quality and situation of those lands.

Also, 5333 1-3 acres of Virginia Military Lands, lying in the state of Ohio, and between the Scioto and Little Miami rivers, (viz.)

400 acres lying on the Ohio 120 poles from the mouth of the Scioto, between Armstrong's and Culbertson's surveys, and surveyed for Thomas Overton,

768 acres on the waters of the Ohio, adjoining Alex. Parker's survey, and surveyed for Thomas Overton.

1000 acres on the lower side of the East Fork of the Little Miami and on Clover Lick creek, and surveyed for Thomas Overton.

700 acres on the waters of the Little Miami, adjoining Iho, Holt's, J. Clark's, Joseph Jones', and Thomas Dix's tury, and surveyed for Thomas Overton,

468 1-3 acres on the Rattle Snake fork of Paint creek, adjoining Wm. George's and David Reddick's surveys.

1000 acres on the East Fork of the Little Miami, adjoining Wm. Payne's survey, and surveyed for Archelaus Perkins.

1000 acres on the East fork of the Little Miami, adjoining the above tract, and surveyed for Archelaus Perkins.

Persons wishing to purchase those lands, will please to apply to Gen. Wm. Lytle, of Williamsburg, Gen. Nathl. Maffie, Mr. John Bales, of Ohio; Mr. James Taylor, of New-Port, or the subscriber living in Lexington, Kentucky.

One fourth of the purchase money to be paid down, and the other three fourths in three equal annual installments.

W. WARFIELD.

April 26th, 1806.

175 VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

700 acres Military Land, lying on Brush creek, N. W. T. where the road crosses from Limestone to Chillicothe; this tract contains about three hundred acres of rich bottom, the remainder is well timbered; has on it a good mill seat, and is an excellent stand for a public house.

500 acres ditto ditto, lying on Clover Lick creek, a branch of the East fork of the Little Miami, N. W. T. in a good neighborhood, about three miles from Dunham's-Town, seven from Williamsburg, and eleven to twelve from the Ohio river.

1000 acres ditto ditto, lying on Brush creek, a few miles from New Market, N. W. T.

5000 acres, lying on Bank Lick creek, Kentucky, part of two tracts, containing 6000 acres, surveyed and patented for William Jones.

4000 acres, Clarke county, Kentucky, part of a tract of eight thousand acres, surveyed and patented for Richard Chineworth.

3332 2-